

5-1 Systems of Equations & Solving by Graphing

Q: How can you find the solution of a system of linear equations by graphing?

□ System of Linear Equations:

a set of two or more linear equations containing two or more variables.

ex: $\begin{cases} y = 4x + 3 \\ 2x + 8y = 12 \end{cases}$

□ Solution of a System of Linear Equations:

an ordered pair that satisfies each equation. It must make BOTH equations true.

IDENTIFYING SOLUTIONS TO SYSTEMS OF EQUATIONS

Tell whether the ordered pair is a solution of the given system.

1. (x, y)
 $(5, 2)$ $\begin{cases} \frac{2}{5}x - y = 0 \\ 3x - y = 13 \end{cases}$

$\frac{2}{5}(x) - (y) = 0$

$\frac{2}{5}(5) - (2) = 0$

$2 - 2 = 0$

$0 = 0 \checkmark$

$3x - y = 13$

$3(5) - (2) = 13$

$15 - 2 = 13$

$13 = 13 \checkmark$

$(5, 2)$ is a solution

2. $(-2, 2)$ $\begin{cases} x + 3y = 4 \\ y = x + 2 \end{cases}$

$x + 3y = 4$

$-2 + 3(2) = 4$

$-2 + 6 = 4$

$4 = 4 \checkmark$

$y = x + 2$

$2 = -2 + 2$

$2 = 0 \times$

$(-2, 2)$ is NOT a solution

3. $(1, 3)$ $\begin{cases} y = -2x + 5 \\ y = 2x + 1 \end{cases}$

$y = -2x + 5$

$3 = -2(1) + 5$

$3 = -2 + 5$

$3 = 3 \checkmark$

$y = 2x + 1$

$3 = 2(1) + 1$

$3 \neq 2 + 1$

$3 = 3 \checkmark$

$(1, 3)$ is a solution

Solving a System of Equations BY GRAPHING

- 1 Solve each equation for y.
 $y = mx + b$
- 2 Graph all equations on the same coordinate plane.
- 3 Look for the point of intersection.
(where they cross)

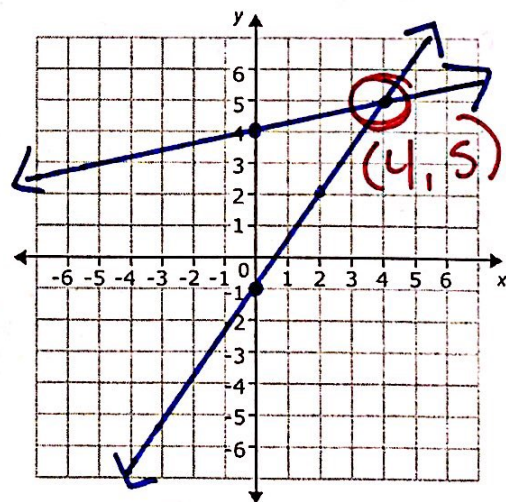
Example:

Solve the system by graphing.

$$\begin{cases} 4y - x = 16 \\ y = \frac{3}{2}x - 1 \end{cases}$$

1 $4y - x = 16$
 $\begin{array}{r} 4y - x = 16 \\ +x \quad +x \\ \hline 4y = 1x + 16 \\ \frac{4y}{4} = \frac{1x + 16}{4} \\ y = \frac{1}{4}x + 4 \end{array}$
m/slope *y-int*

2 $y = \frac{3}{2}x - 1$
m/slope *y-int*



3 (x, y)
(4, 5)

CHECK:

$$\begin{aligned} 4y - x &= 16 \\ 4(5) - (4) &= 16 \\ 20 - 4 &= 16 \\ 16 &= 16 \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= \frac{3}{2}x - 1 \\ 5 &= \frac{3}{2}(4) - 1 \\ 5 &= 6 - 1 \\ 5 &= 5 \checkmark \end{aligned}$$